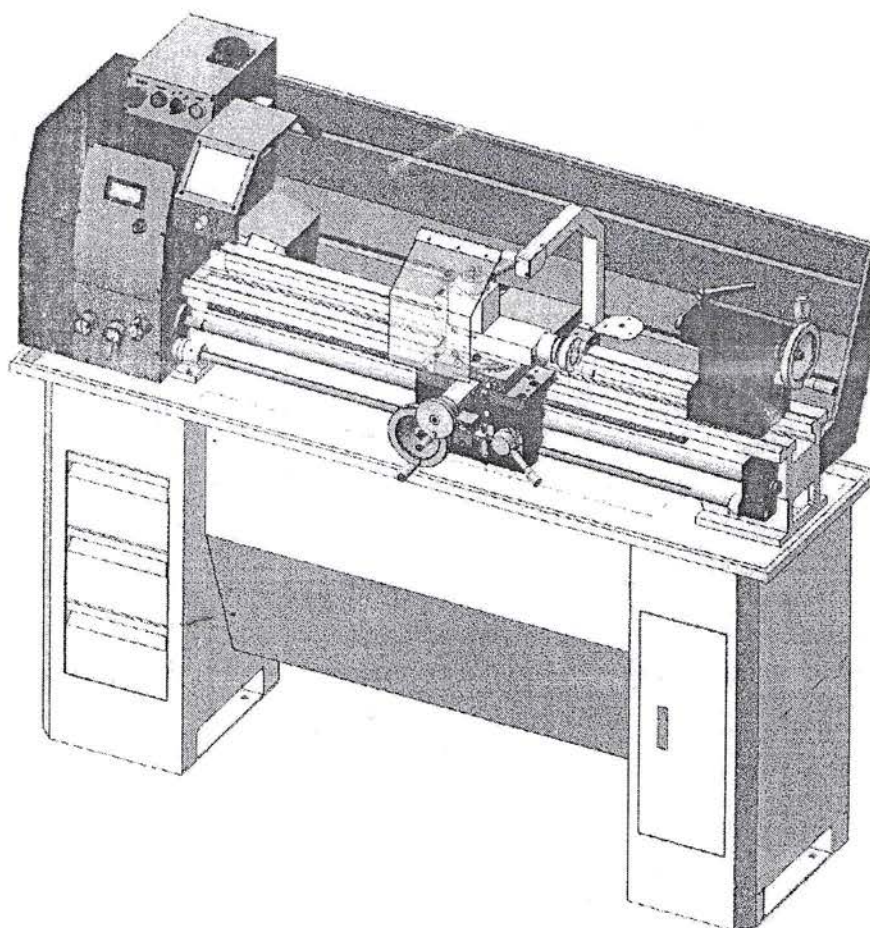


BENCH LATHE

OPERATOR'S MANUAL

WM290V D1-4



**Keep Read and Understand the Operation Manual and Safety Information
Before Operated!**

NOTE

The information contained in this handbook is intended as a guide to the operation of these machines and does not form part of any contract. The data it contains has been obtained from the machine manufacturer and from other sources. Whilst every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of these transcriptions it would be impracticable to verify each and every item. Furthermore, development of the machine may mean that the equipment supplied may differ in detail from the descriptions herein. The responsibility therefore lies with the user to satisfy himself that the equipment or process described is suitable for the purpose intended.

LIMITED WARRANTY

Every effort to assure that its products meet high quality and durability standards and warrants to the original retail consumer/purchaser of our products that each product be free from defects in materials and workmanship as follow: **ONE YEAR LIMITED WARRANTY ON ALL PRODUCTS UNLESS SPECIFIED OTHERWISE.** This Warranty does not apply to defects due directly or indirectly to misuse, abuse, negligence or accidents, normal wear-and tear, repair or alterations outside our facilities, or to a lack of maintenance.

We shall in no event be liable for death, injuries to persons or property or for incidental, contingent, special, or consequential damages arising from the use of our products.

To take advantage of this warranty, the product or part must be returned to us for examination, postage prepaid. Proof of purchase date and an explanation of the complaint must accompany the merchandise. If our inspection discloses a defect, we will either repair or replace the product, or refund the purchases price if we cannot readily and quickly provide a repair or replacement, if you are willing to accept a refund. We will return repaired product or replacement at expense, but if it is determined there in no defect, or that the defect resulted from causes not within the scope of warranty, then the user must bear the cost of storing and returning the product.

The manufacturers reserve the right to change specifications at any time as they continually strive to achieve better quality equipment.

WARNING!

Read and understand the entire instruction manual before attempting set-up or operation of this machine!

1. This machine is designed and intended for use by properly trained and experienced personnel only. If you are not familiar with the proper safe use of lathes, do not use this machine until proper training and knowledge has been obtained.
2. Keep guards in place. Safety guards must be kept in place and in working order.
3. Remove adjusting keys and wrenches. Before turning on machine, check to see that any adjusting wrenches are removed from the tool.
4. Reduce the risk of unintentional starting. Make sure switch is in the OFF position before plugging in the tool.
5. Do not force tool. Always use a tool at the rate for which it was designed.
6. Use the right tool. Do not force a tool or attachment to do a job for which it was not designed.
7. Maintain tools with care. Keep tools sharp and clean for best and safest performance. Follow instructions for lubrication and changing accessories.
8. Always disconnect the machine from the power source before adjusting or servicing.
9. Check for damaged parts. Check for alignment of moving parts, breakage of parts, mounting, and any other condition that may affect the tools operation. A guard or any part that is damaged should be repaired or replaced.
10. Turn power off. Never leave a machine unattended. Do not leave a machine until it comes to a complete stop.
11. Keep work area clean. Cluttered areas and bench invite accidents.
12. Do not use in a dangerous environment. Do not use power tools in damp or wet locations, or expose them to rain. Keep work area well
13. Keep children and visitors away. All visitors should be kept a safe distance from the work area.
14. Make the workshop child proof. Use padlocks, master switches, and remove starter keys.
15. Wear proper apparel. Loose clothing, gloves, neckties, rings, bracelets, or other jewelry may get caught in moving parts. Non-slip footwear is recommended. Wear protective hair covering to contain long hair. Do not wear any type of glove.
16. Always use safety glasses. Every day glasses only have impact resistant lenses; they are not safety glasses.
17. Do not overreach. Keep proper footing and balance at all times.
18. Do not put hands near the cutter while the machine is operating.
19. Do not perform any set-up work while machine is operating.
20. Read and understand all warnings posted on the machine.
21. This manual is intended to familiarize you with the technical aspects of this lathe. It is not, nor was it intended to be a training manual.
22. Failure to comply with all of these warnings may result in serious injury.
23. Some dust created by power sanding, sawing, grinding, drilling and other construction activities contains chemicals known to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. Some examples of these chemicals are lead from lead based paint; crystalline silica from bricks and cement and other masonry products.
24. Your risk from those exposures varies, depending on how often you do this type of work. To reduce your exposure to these chemicals: work in a well ventilated area, and work with approved safety equipment, such as those dust masks that are specifically designed to filter out microscopic particles.

SPECIFICATIONS:

Capacities:	WM290V D1-4	
Swing Over Bed	290mm	
Swing Over Cross Slide	170mm	
Distance Between Centers	750mm	
Width of Bed	180mm	
Headstock:		
Hole Through Spindle	38mm	
Taper in Spindle Nose	MT5	
Number of Spindle Speeds	2	
Range of Spindle Speeds	75-500 rpm / 300-2000 rpm	
Feeding and Threading:		
Number of Metric Threads	18	
Range of Metric Threads	0.2~3.5mm	
Number of Imperial Threads	21	
Range of Imperial Threads	8~56 T.P.I.	
Range of Corss Feed	0.017~0.25mm/r	
Range of Longitudinal Feed	0.07~0.72mm/r	
Compound and Carriage:		
Tool Post Type	4-Way (Quick change tool posts)	
Maximum Compound Slide Travel	85mm	
Maximum Cross Slide Trave	150mm	
Maximum Carriage Travel	700mm	
Tailstock:		
Tailstock Spindle Travel	80mm	
Taper in Tailstock Spindle	MT3	
Miscellaneous:		
Main Motor	1.5KW	
Dimension:		
Length	1380mm	1500mm
Width	750mm	
Height	700mm	
Weight	280Kg	

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WARNING!

Read and understand the entire contents of this Manual before attempting set-up or operation! Failure to comply may cause serious injury!

CONTENTS OF SHIPPING CONTAINER

- 1 WM290V D1-4 LATHE
- 2 Test Flow Chart
- 1 Toolbox & Tools

TOOLBOX CONTENTS (Fig. 01)

- 1 Reducing Sleeve 5/3
- 1 Dead Center MT3
- 1 Dead Center MT3
- 3 External Jaw
- 1 Oil Gun
- 1 Cross Screwdriver
- 1 Flat Screwdriver
- 1 Key for 3-Jaw Chuck
- 5 Hex Socket Wrench 2.5,4,5,6,8mm
- 3 Double End Head Wrench 8-10mm, 12-14mm, 17-19mm
- 1 One Sets of Change Gears

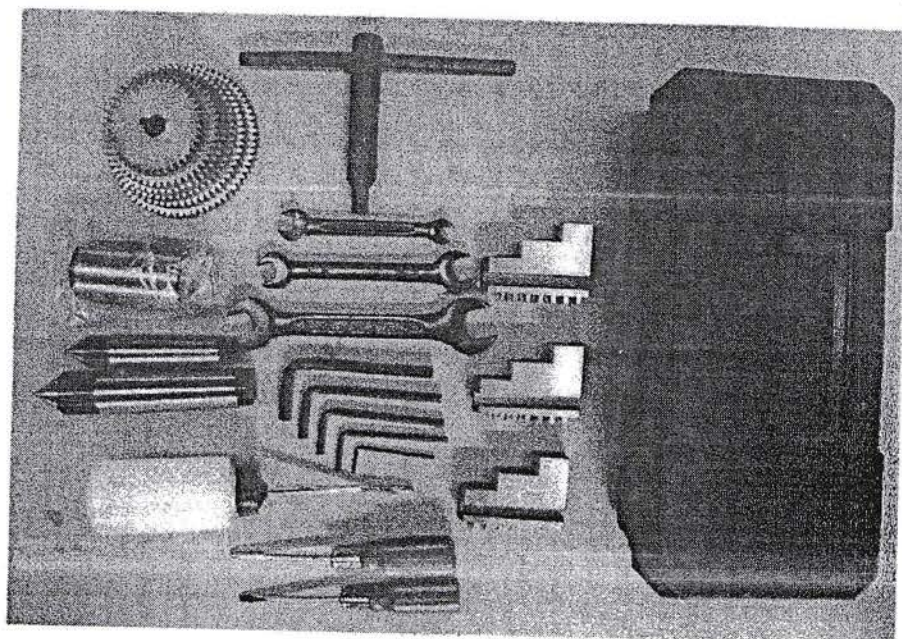
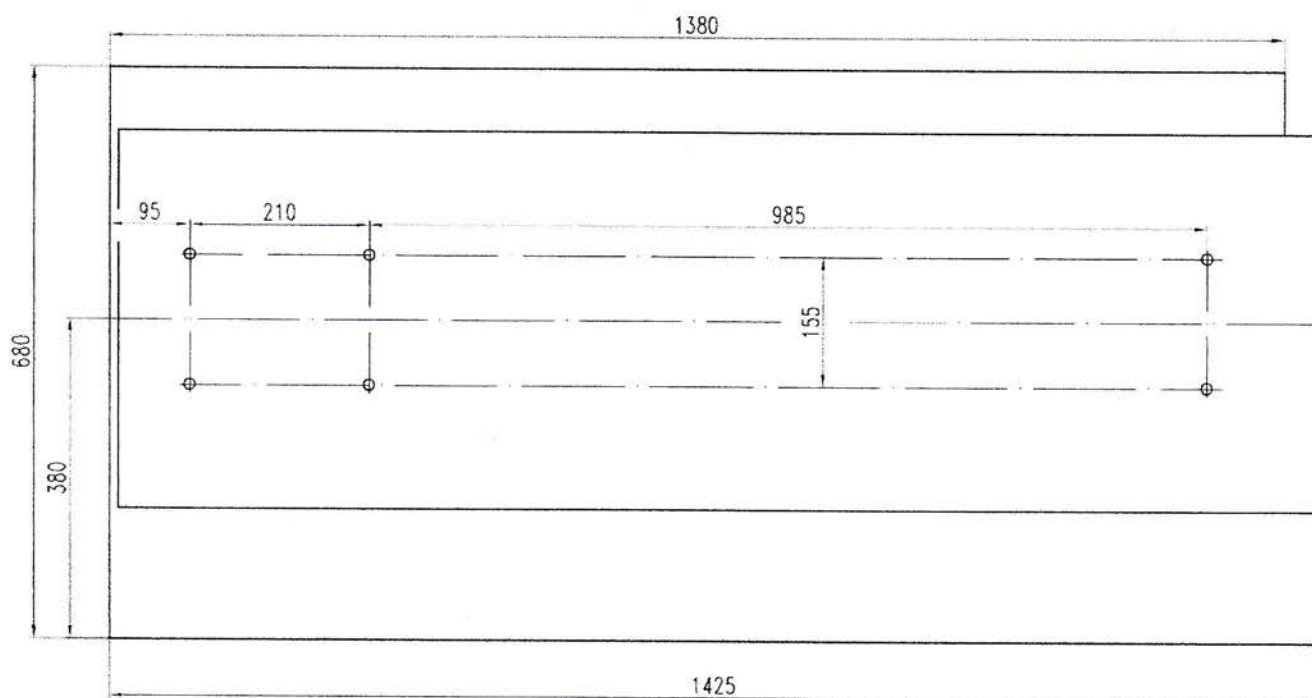


Fig. 01

UNCRATING AND CLEAN-UP

1. Finish removing the wooden crate from around the lathe
2. Check all the accessories of the machine tool according to the packing list.
3. Unbolt the lathe from the shipping crate bottom.
4. Choose a location for the lathe that is dry, has good lighting and has enough room to be able to service the lathe on all four sides.
5. With adequate lifting equipment, slowly raise the lathe off the shipping crate bottom. **Do not lift by spindle.** Make sure lathe is balanced before moving to sturdy bench or stand.
6. To avoid twisting the bed, the lathe's location must be absolutely flat and level. Bolt the lathe to the stand (if used). If using a bench, through bolt for best performance.
7. Clean all rust protected surfaces using a mild commercial solvent, kerosene or diesel fuel. Do not use paint thinner, gasoline or lacquer thinner. These will damage painted surfaces. Cover all cleaned surfaces with a light film of 20W machine oil.
8. Remove the end gear cover. Clean all components of the end gear assembly and coat all gears with a heavy, non-slinging grease.

FOUNDATION DRAWING



GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Lathe Bed (Fig. 03)

The lathe bed is made of high-grade iron. By combining high cheeks with strong cross ribs, a bed of low vibration and rigidity is produced. It integrates the headstock and drive unit, for attaching the carriage and leadscrew. The two precision-ground V - sideways, re-enforced by heat hardening and grinding, are the accurate guide for the carriage and tailstock. The main motor is mounted to the rear of the left side of the bed.

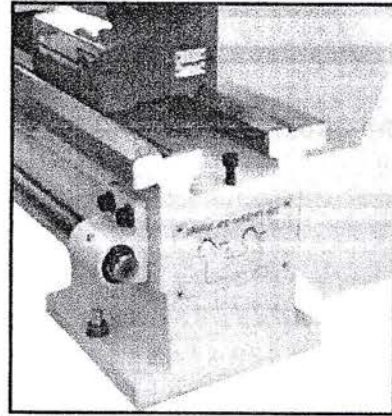


Fig. 03

Headstock (Fig. 04)

The headstock is cast from high grade, low vibration cast iron. It is bolted to the bed with four screws. The headstock houses the main spindle with two precision taper roller bearings and the drive unit.

The main spindle transmits the torque during the turning process. It also holds the workpieces and clamping devices, (e.g. 3-jaw chuck).



Fig. 04

Gear Box (Fig. 05)

The gear box is made from high quality cast iron and is mounted on the left side of the machine bed. It is used to select the feeds for straight turning as well as for thread cutting. In order to achieve certain thread pitches, it is necessary to replace the change gears.

The torque of the work spindle is transmitted to the feed gear and thus to the leadscrew.

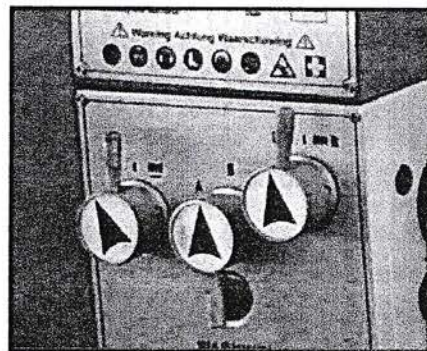


Fig. 05

Carriage (Fig. 06)

The carriage is made from high quality cast iron. The slide parts are smoothly ground. They fit the V on the bed without play. The lower sliding parts can be easily and simply adjusted. The cross slide is mounted on the carriage and moves on a dove tailed slide. Play in the cross slide may be adjusted with the gibs.

Move the cross slide with its conveniently positioned handwheel. There is a graduated collar on the handwheel.

The top slide, mounted on the cross slide, can be rotated 360°. The top slide and the cross slide travel in dove tailed slides and have gibs, adjustable nuts, and graduated collars.

A four way tool post is fitted on the top slide and allows four tools to be clamped. Loosen the center clamp handle to rotate any of the four tools into position.

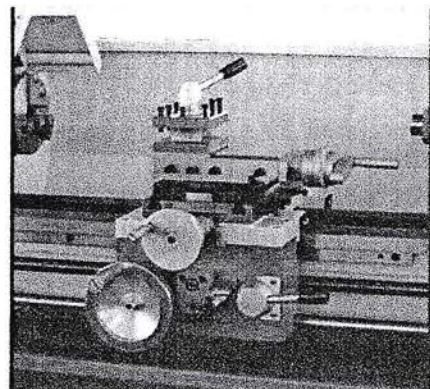


Fig.06

Apron (Fig. 07)

The apron is mounted on the bed. It houses the half nut with an engaging lever for activating the automatic feed. The half nut gibs can be adjusted from the outside.

A rack, mounted on the bed, and a pinion operated by handwheel on the carriage allow for quick travel of the apron.

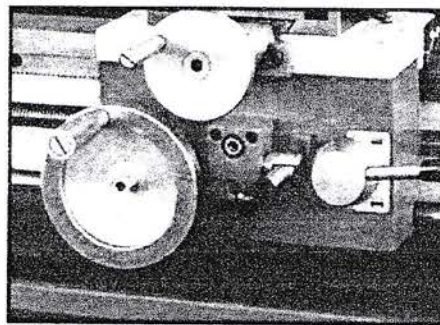


Fig.07

Leadscrew(Fig. 08)

The leadscrew is mounted on the front of the machine bed. It is connected to the gear box at the left for automatic feed and is supported by bearing on both ends. The two groove nuts (A, Fig. 10) on the right end are designed to take up play on the leadscrew.

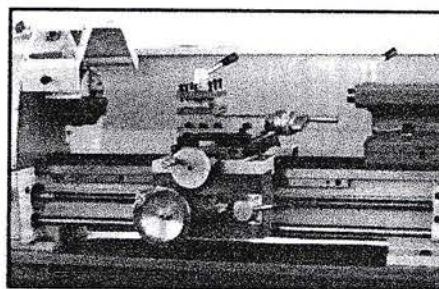


Fig. 08

Tailstock (Fig. 09)

The tailstock slides on a V way and can be clamped at any location. The tailstock has a heavy-duty spindle with a Morse taper No. 2 socket and a graduated scale. The spindle can be clamped at any location with a clamping lever. The spindle is moved with a handwheel at the end of the tailstock.

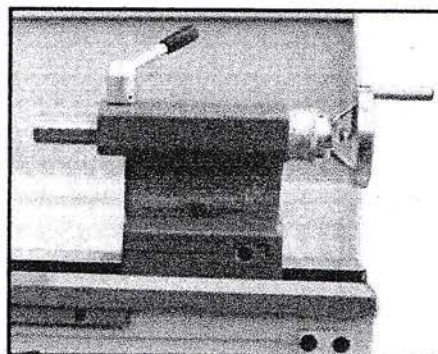


Fig. 09

NOTE:

Fit the securing screw (B, Fig. 10) at the end of the lathe be in order to prevent the tailstock from falling off the lathe bed.

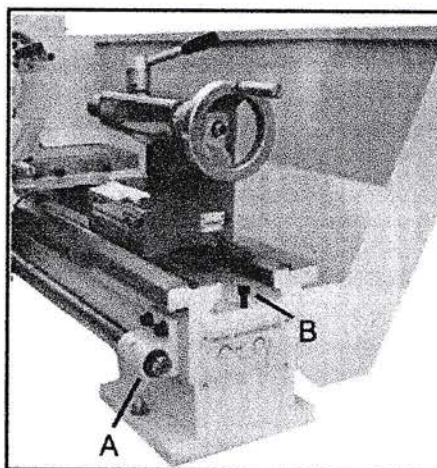


Fig. 10

CONTROLS

1. Change-over Switch (A, Fig. 11)

After the machine is switched on, turn the switch to "F" position for counter-clockwise spindle rotation (forward). Turn the switch to "R" position for clockwise spindle rotation (reverse). "0" position is OFF and the spindle remains idle.

2. Emergency Button ON/OFF Switch (B, Fig. 11)

The machine is switched on and off with ON/OFF button. Depress to stop all machine functions. To restart, lift the cover and press ON button.

3. Variable Speed Control Switch (C, Fig. 11)

Turn the switch clockwise to increase the spindle speed. Turn the switch counter-clockwise to decrease the spindle speed. The possible speed range is dependent from the position of the drive belt.

4. Feed Direction Selector (D, Fig. 12)

Select carriage travel direction when the chuck is rotating in the forward direction or counter-clockwise as viewed from the front of the chuck.

5. Feed Rate Selector (E, Fig. 12)

Set the desired feed or thread rates.

6. Feed/Thread Selector (F, Fig. 12)

Select the handle for shift left to thread.
Select the handle for shift right to feed.

7. Compound Rest Lock

Turn two hex nuts (G, Fig. 13) clockwise to lock and counter-clockwise to unlock.

8. Compound Slide Lock

Turn hex socket cap screws (H, Fig. 13) clockwise, and tighten to lock. Turn counter-clockwise to loosen.

9. Cross Slide Lock

Turn hex socket cap screw (I, Fig. 13) clockwise and tighten to lock. Turn counter-clockwise and loosen to unlock.

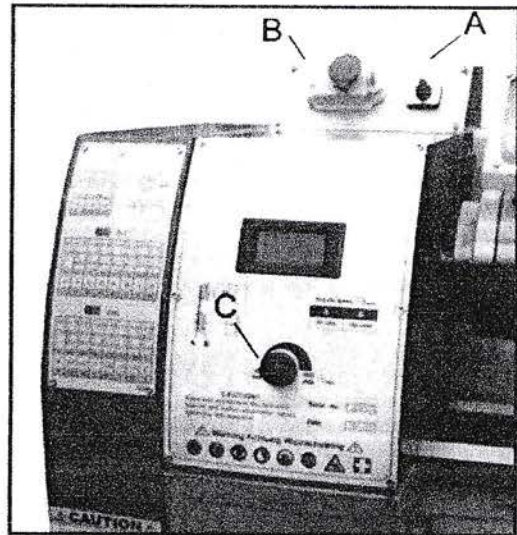


Fig. 11

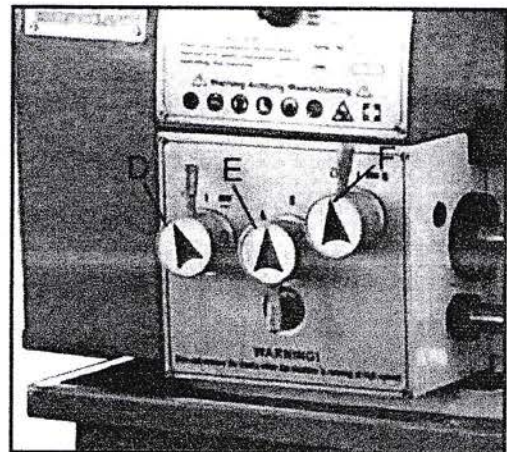


Fig. 12

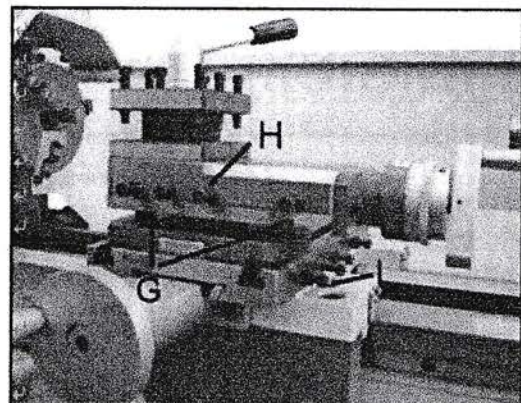


Fig. 13

9. Carriage Lock

Turn hex socket cap screw (A, Fig.14) clockwise and tighten to lock. Turn counter-clockwise and loosen to unlock.

Caution: carriage lock screw must be unlocked before engaging automatic feeds or damage to lathe may occur.

10. Longitudinal Traverse (B, Fig. 15)

Rotate hand wheel clockwise to move the apron assembly toward the tailstock (right). Rotate the hand wheel counter-clockwise to move the apron assembly toward the headstock (left).

11. Cross Traverse Handwheel(C, Fig. 15)

Clockwise rotation moves the cross slide toward the rear of the machine.

12. Half Nut Engage Lever (D, Fig. 15)

Move the lever down to engage. Move the lever up to disengage.

13. Compound Rest Traverse Lever (E, Fig. 15)

Rotate clockwise or counter-clockwise to move or position.

14. Tool Post Clamping Lever (F, Fig. 15)

Rotate counter-clockwise to loosen and clockwise to tighten. Rotate the tool post when the lever is unlocked.

15. Feed axis Selector (G, Fig. 15)

Push lever (G, Fig.15) to the left and down to engage cross feed. Pull lever to the right and up to engage longitudinal feed.

16. Tailstock Clamping Screw (H, Fig. 16)

Turn hex nut clockwise to lock and counter-clockwise to unlock.

17. Tailstock Quill Clamping Lever (I, Fig. 16)

Rotate the lever clockwise to lock the spindle and counter-clockwise to unlock.

18. Tailstock Quill Traverse Handwheel(J, Fig. 16)

Rotate clockwise to advance the quill. Rotate counter-clockwise to retract the quill

19. Tailstock Off-set Adjustment (K, Fig. 16)

Three sets screws located on the tailstock base are used to off-set the tailstock for cutting tapers. Loosen lock screw on tailstock end. Loosen one side set screw while tightening the other until the amount of off-set is indicated on scale. Tighten lock screw.

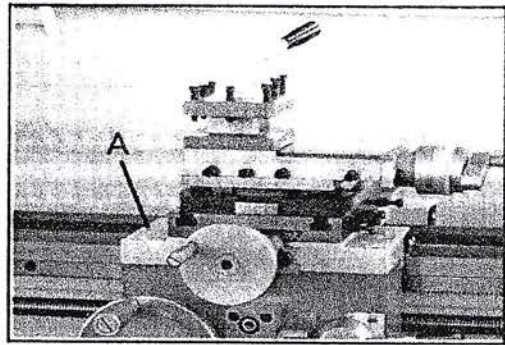


Fig. 14

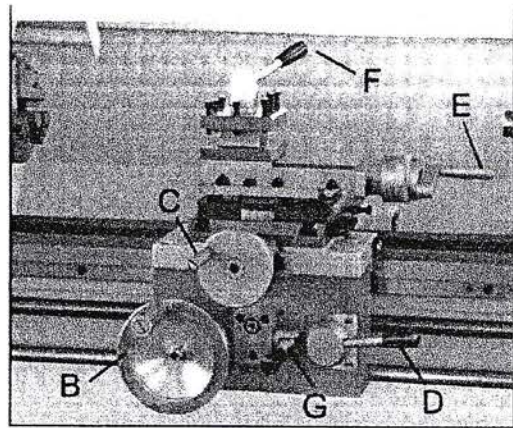


Fig. 15

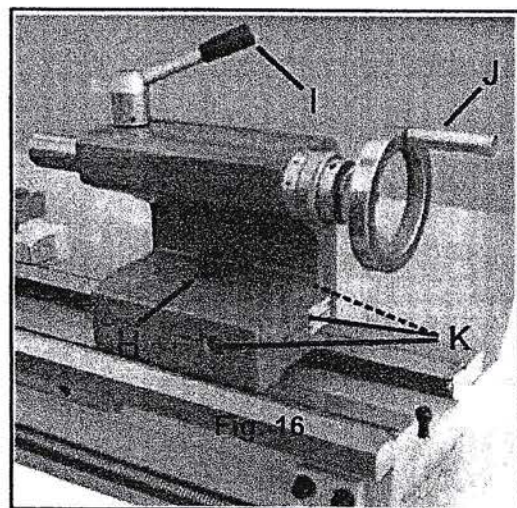


Fig. 16

OPERATION

Replacement of Chuck

The head spindle holding fixture is cylindrical. Loose three set screws and nuts (A, Fig.17, only two are shown) on the lathe chuck flange to remove the chuck. Position the new chuck and fix it using the same set screws and nuts.

Tool Set-Up

Clamp the turning tool into the toolholder.

The tool must be clamped firmly. When turning, the tool has a tendency to bend under the cutting force generated during the chip formation. For best results, tool overhang should be kept to a minimum of 3/8" or less.

The cutting angle is correct when the cutting edge is in line with the center axis of the work piece. The correct height of the tool can be achieved by comparing the tool point with the point of the center mounted in the tailstock. If necessary, use steel spacer shims under the tool to get the required height. (Fig. 18)

Change H/L Speed

1. Unscrew the two fastening screws (B, Fig. 19) and remove the protective cover.
2. To selection A or B according to your requirement, A is low speed, B is high speed. (Fig. 20)

Caution: we suggestion our customers to select low speed position to work, it is could provides stronger torque for working!

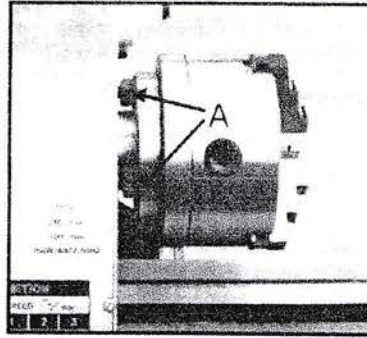


Fig. 17

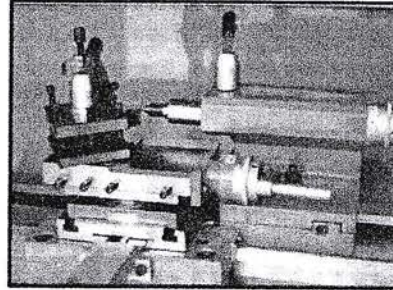


Fig. 18

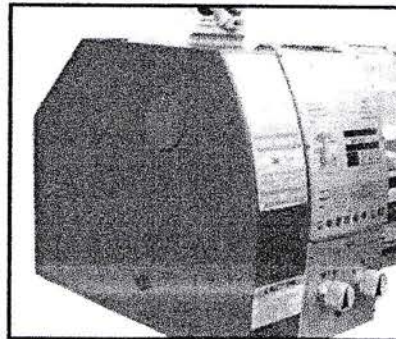


Fig. 19

Manual Turning

Apron travel, cross travel, and top slide handwheel can be operated for longitudinal or cross feeding. (Fig.21)

Longitudinal Turning with Auto-Feed

1. Set the selector knob (A, Fig.22) to select the feed direction and feed speed.
2. Use the table (B, Fig.22) on the lathe for selecting the feed speed or the thread pitch. Adjust the change gear if the required feed or thread pitch cannot be obtained with the installed gear set.

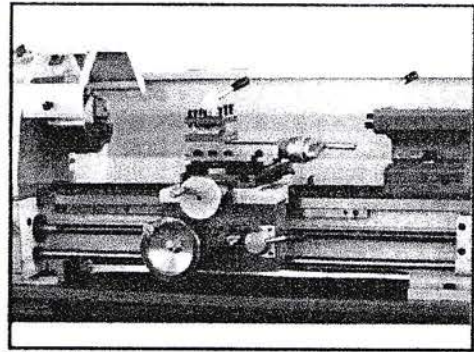


Fig. 21

Change Gears Replacement

1. Disconnect the machine from the power source.
2. Unscrew the two fastening screws and remove the protective cover.
3. Loosen the locking screw (C, Fig.23) on the quadrant.
4. Swing the quadrant (D, Fig.23) to the right.
5. Unscrew the bolt (E, Fig.23) from the leadscrew or the square bolts (F, Fig.23) from the quadrant bolts in order to remove the change gears from the front.
6. Install the gear couples according to the thread and feed table (Fig.24) and screw the gearwheels onto the quadrant again.
7. Swing the quadrant to the left until the gearwheels have engaged again.
8. Readjust gear backlash by inserting a normal sheet of paper as an adjusting or distance aid between the gearwheels.
9. Immobilize the quadrant with the locking screw.
10. Install the protective cover of the headstock and reconnect the machine to the power supply.



Fig. 22

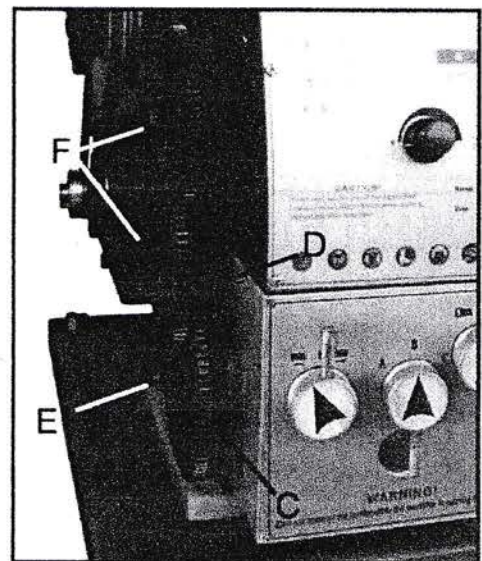
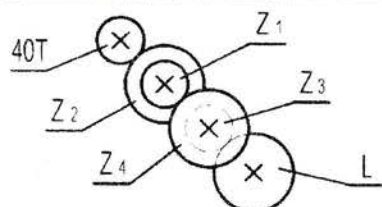


Fig. 23

THREADING AND FEEDING TABLE FOR METRIC LATHE



Z ₁	Z ₂	45	75	45	75	45	75	50	75	50	75
Z ₄	Z ₃	80	20	80	30	80	30	80	45	80	45
	L	H	85	H	85	H	70	H	85	H	60
	C	0.07	0.10	0.13	0.18	0.25					
	A	0.14	0.21	0.26	0.36	0.50					
	B	0.28	0.42	0.52	0.72	—					
	C	0.017	0.026	0.032	0.044	0.063					
	A	0.035	0.052	0.064	0.088	0.125					
	B	0.070	0.104	0.128	0.176	0.25					



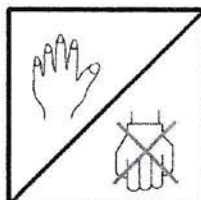
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Z ₁	Z ₂	H	60	H	60	H	60	H	60	H	50	H	50
Z ₄	Z ₃	20	75	30	80	50	80	50	80	60	80	70	80
L		80	H	75	H	75	H	60	H	60	H	60	H
C		0.2	0.3	0.5	0.62	0.75	0.875						
A		0.4	0.6	1.0	1.25	1.5	1.75						
B		0.8	1.2	2.0	2.5	3.0	3.5						

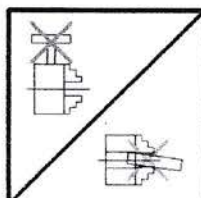


n/1"

Z ₁	Z ₂	H	60	H	50	H	60	H	60	H	60	H	70	H	50
Z ₄	Z ₃	60	70	60	85	50	75	45	50	50	80	45	60	45	85
L		65	H	60	H	60	H	85	H	65	H	85	H	70	H
B		8	9	9.5	10	11	12	14							
A		16	18	19	20	22	24	28							
C		32	36	38	40	44	48	56							



Keep hands out of moving parts of this machine.
Do not wear gloves or loose clothes.



Be sure the key is removed from the chuck and workpiece is completely gripped before rotating the spindle !

Straight Turning (Fig. 25)

In the straight turning operation, the tool feeds parallel to the axis of rotation of the workpiece. The feed can be either manual by turning the handwheel on the lathe saddle or the top slide, or by activating the automatic feed. The crossfeed for the depth of cut is achieved using the cross slide.

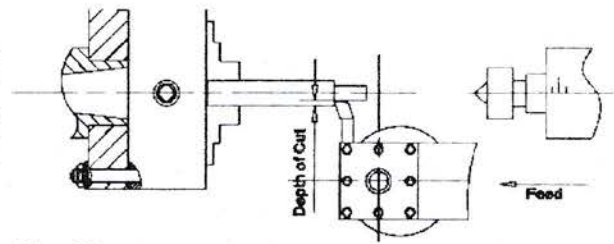


Fig. 25

Facing and Recesses (Fig. 26)

In the facing operation, the tool feeds perpendicular to the axis of rotation of the workpiece. The feed is made manually with the cross slide handwheel. The crossfeed for cut depth is made with the top slide or lathe saddle.

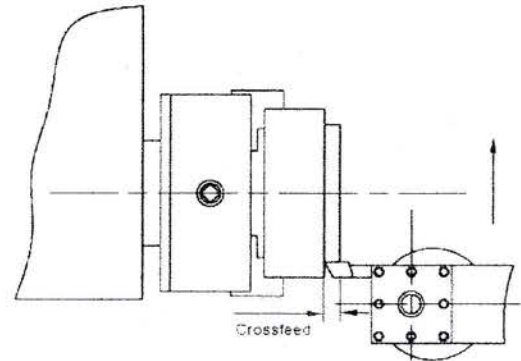


Fig. 26

Turning Between Centers (Fig. 27)

For turning between centers, it is necessary to remove the chuck from the spindle. Fit the M.T.3 center into the spindle nose and the M.T. 2 center into the tailstock. Mount the workpiece fitted with the driver dog between the centers. The driver is driven by a catch or face plate.

Note: Always use a small amount of grease on the tailstock center to prevent center tip from overheating.

Taper Turning Using Tailstock Off-Set

Work to a side angle of 5 can be turned by off-setting the tailstock. The angle depends on the length of the workpiece.

To off-set the tailstock, loosen locking screw (A, Fig.28) Unscrew the set screw (B, Fig.28) on right end of the tailstock. Loosen the front adjusting screw(C, Fig.28) and take up the same amount by tightening the rear adjusting screw (D, Fig.28) until the desired taper has been reached. The desired cross-adjustment can be read off the scale. (E, Fig.28). First retighten the set screw (B, Fig.28) and then the two (front and rear) adjusting screw to lock the tailstock in position. Retighten the locking screw (A, Fig.28) of the tailstock. The workpiece must be held between to centers and driven by a face plate and driver dog.

After taper turning, the tailstock should be returned to its original position according to the zero position on the scale of tailstock. (E, Fig.28)

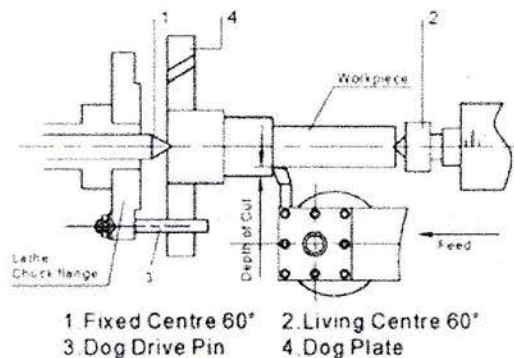


Fig. 27

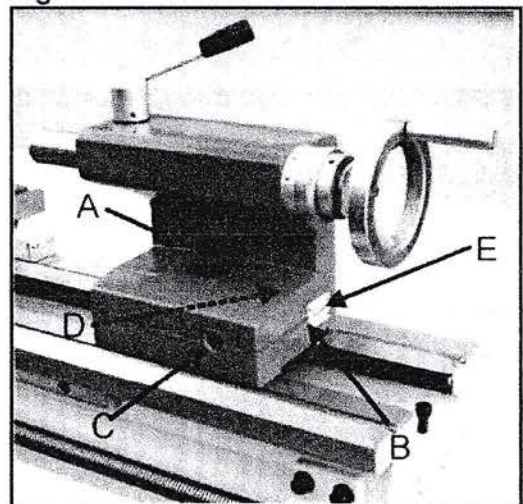


Fig. 28

Taper Turning by Setting the Top Slide

By angling the top slide, tapers may be turned manually with the top slide. (Fig. 29)

Rotate the top slide to the required angle. A graduated scale permits accurate adjustment of the top slide. The crossfeed is performed with the cross slide. This method can only be used for short tapers.

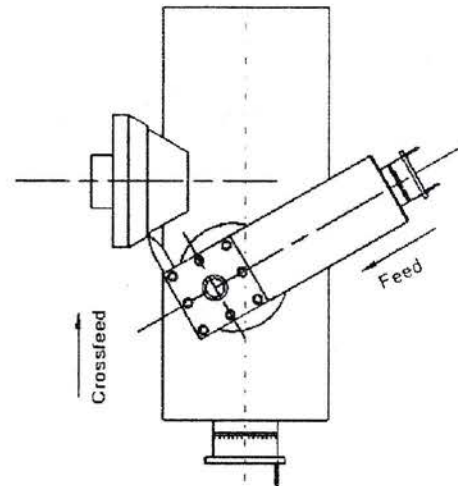


Fig. 29

Thread Cutting

Set the machine up to the desired thread pitch (according to the threading chart, Fig. 24). Start the machine and engage the half nut. When the tool reaches the part, it will cut the initial threading pass. When the tool reaches the end of the cut, stop the machine by turning the motor off and at the same time back the tool out of the part so that it clears the thread. Do not disengage the half nut lever. Reverse the motor direction to allow the cutting tool to traverse back to the starting point. Repeat these steps until you have obtained the desired results.

NOTES

Example: Male Thread

- The workpiece diameter must have been turned to the diameter of the desired thread.
- The workpiece requires a chamfer at the beginning of the thread and an undercut at the thread runout.
- The speed must be as low as possible.
- The change gears must have been installed according to the required pitch.
- The thread cutting tool must be exactly the same shape as the thread, must be absolutely rectangular and clamped so that it coincides exactly with the turning center.
- The thread is produced in various cutting steps so that the cutting tool has to be turned out of the thread completely (with the cross slide) at the end of each cutting step.
- The tool is withdrawn with the leadscrew nut engaged by inverting the change-over switch.
- Stop the machine and feed the thread cutting tool in low cut depths using the cross slide.
- Before each passage, place the top slide approximately 0.2 to 0.3mm to the left and right alternately in order to cut the thread free. This way, the thread cutting tool cuts only on one thread flank with each passage. Keep cutting the thread free until you have almost reached the full depth of thread.

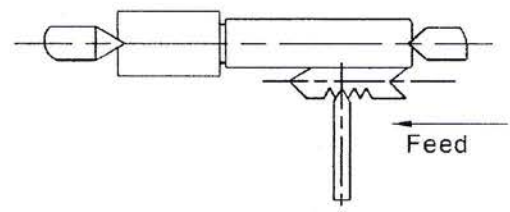


Fig. 30

LATHE ACCESSORIES

Three Jaw Universal Lathe Chuck

Using this universal chuck, round, triangular, square, hexagonal octagonal, and twelve-cornered stock may be clamped. (Fig.31)

Note: new lathes have very tight fitting jaws. This is necessary to ensure accurate clamping and long service life. With repeated opening and closing, the jaw adjust automatically and their operation becomes progressively smoother.

Note:

For the original 3-jaw chuck that mounted on the lathe, the factory has mounted the chuck in the best way to guarantee the holding accuracy with two "0" mark (A, Fig.) showed on the chuck and chuck flange.

There are two types of jaws: Internal and external jaws. Please note that the number of jaws fit with the number inside the chuck's groove. Do not mix them together. When you are going to mount them, please mount them in ascending order 1-2-3, when you are going to take them out, be sure to take them out in descending order 3-2-1, one by one. After you finished this procedure, rotate the jaws to the smallest diameter and check that the three jaws are well fitted.

Four Jaw Independent Lathe Chuck

This special chuck has four independently adjustable chuck jaws. These permit the holding of asymmetrical pieces and enable the accurate set-up of cylindrical pieces. (Fig.32)

Drill Chuck (Optional)

Use the drill chuck to hold centering drills and twist drills in the tailstock. (A, Fig.33)

Morse Taper Arbor (Optional)

An arbor is necessary for mounting the drill chuck in the tailstock. It has a No. 2 Morse taper. (B, Fig.33)

Live Center (Optional)

The live center is mounted in ball bearings. Its use is highly recommended for turning at speeds in excess of 600 RPM. (Fig. 34)

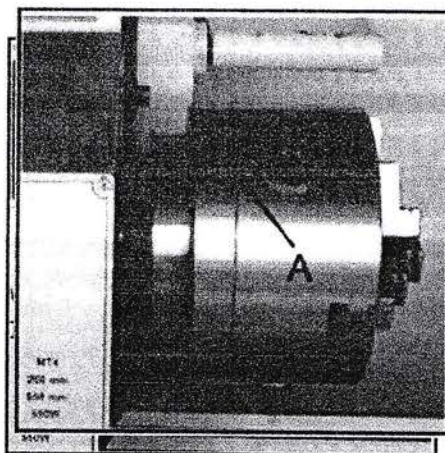


Fig. 31

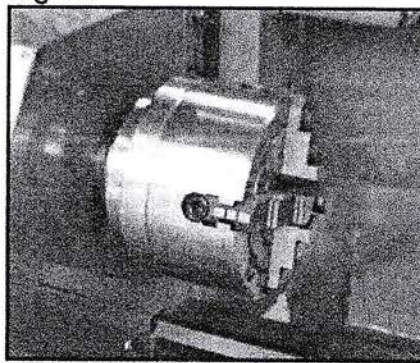


Fig. 32

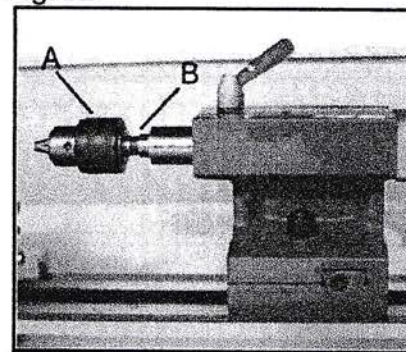


Fig. 33

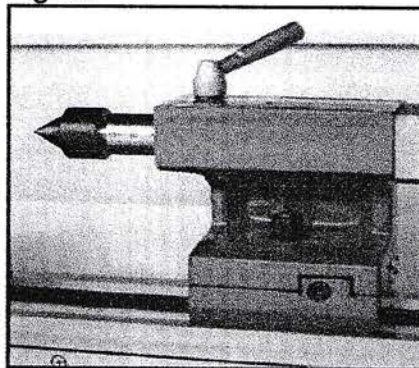


Fig. 34

Steady Rest

The steady rest serves as a support for shafts on the free tailstock end. For many operations the tailstock can not be used as it obstructs the turning tool or drilling tool, and therefore, must be removed from the machine. The steady rest, which function as an end support, ensures chatter-free operation. The steady rest is mounted on the bedways and is secured from below with a locking plate. The sliding fingers require continuous lubrication at the contact points to prevent premature wear. (Fig.35)

Setting the Steady Rest

1. Loosen three hex nuts. (A, Fig.36)
1. Loosen knurled screw (B, Fig.36) and open the sliding fingers. (C, Fig.36) until the steady rest can be moved with its finger around the workpiece. Secure the steady rest in position.
2. Tighten knurled screws so that fingers are snug but not tight against the workpiece. Tighten three nuts (A, Fig.36). Lubricate the sliding points with machine oil.
3. When, after prolonged operation, the jaw show wear, the tips of the fingers may be filed or remilled.

Follow Rest

The follow rest is mounted on the saddle and follow the movement of the turning tool. Only two sliding fingers are required. The place of the third finger is taken by the turning tool. The follow rest is used for turning operations on long, slender workpieces. It prevents flexing of the workpiece under pressure from the turning tool. (Fig.37)

Set the fingers snug to the workpiece but not overly tight. Lubricate the fingers during operation to prevent premature wear.

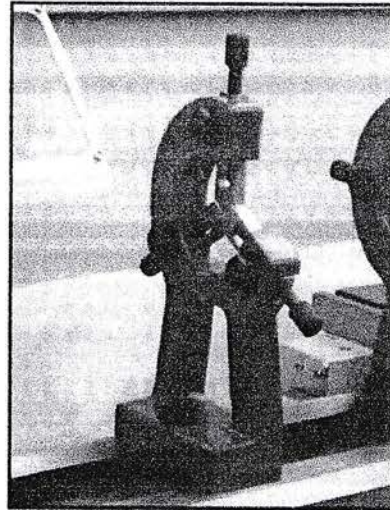


Fig. 35

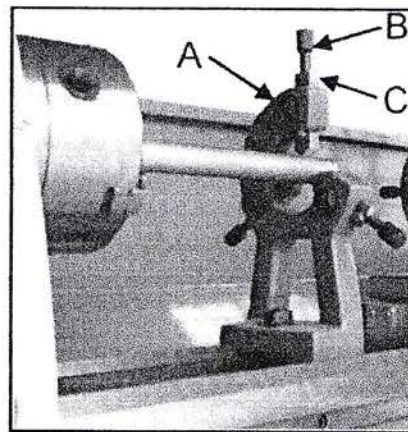


Fig. 36

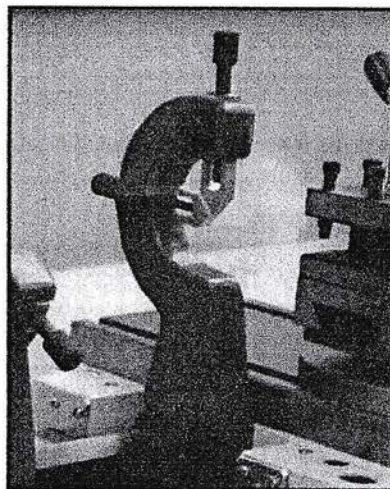


Fig. 37

LUBRICATION

CAUTION!

Lathe must be serviced at all lubrication points and all reservoirs filled to operating level before the lathe is placed into service!
Failure to comply may cause serious damage!

NOTES:

Lubricate all slideways lightly before every use. Lubricate the change gears and the leadscrew slightly with a lithium-based grease.

1. Gearbox

Oil Must be up to indicator mark in oil sight glass(A, Fig.42). Top off with Mobilgear 627 or equivalent. Fill by pulling plug (B, Fig. 42). To drain, remove drain plug on the right side of headstock(C, Fig.43). Drain oil completely and refill after the first three months of operation. Then, change oil in the headstock annually.

2. Change Gear

Lubricate two oil ports (D, Fig.43) on the gear shafts with 20W machine oil once daily.

3. Carriage

Lubricate Four oil ports (E, Fig. 44) with 20W machine oil once daily.

4. Cross Slide

Lubricate two oil ports (F, Fig. 44) with 20W machine oil once daily.

5. Apron

Lubricate two oil ports (G, Fig. 45) with 20W machine oil once daily.

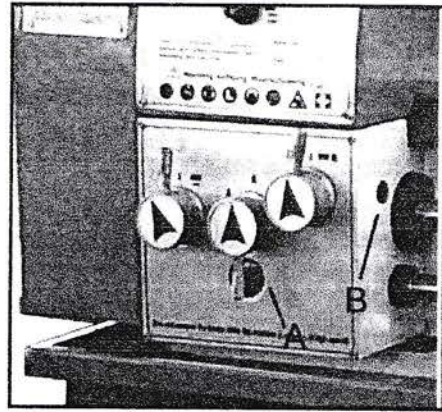


Fig. 42

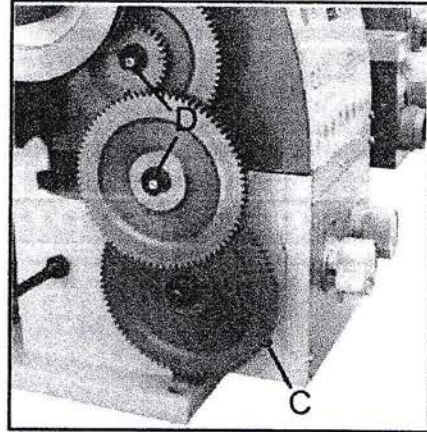


Fig. 43

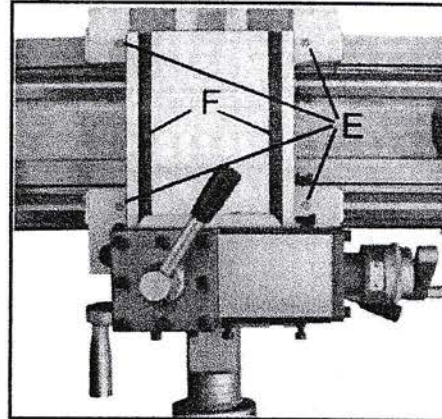


Fig. 44

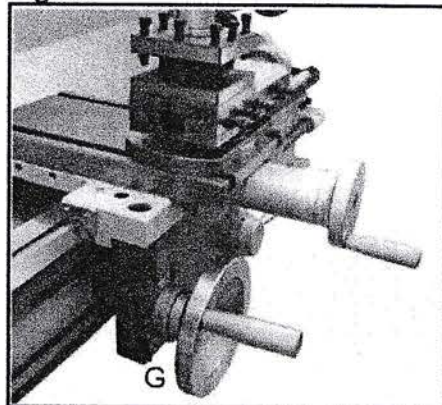


Fig. 45

oil port (A,

6. Leadscrew

Lubricate the oil port (A. FIG.46) with 20W machine oil once daily.

7. Tailstock

Lubricate two oil port (B. Fig.46) with 20W machine oil once daily.

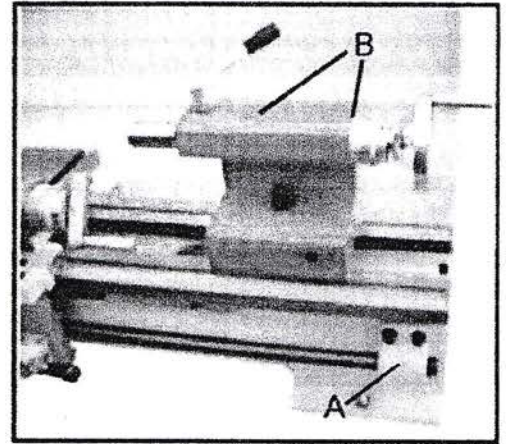


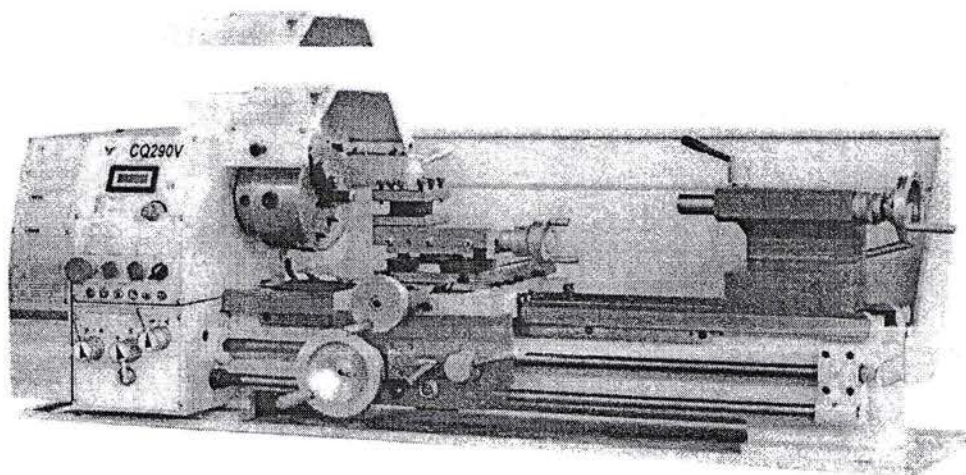
Fig. 46

TROUBLESHOOTING

Problem	Possible Reason	Elimination
Surface of workpiece too rough	Tool blunt Tool springs Feed too high Radius at the tool tip too small	Resharpen tool Clamp tool with less overhang Reduce feed Increase radius
Workpiece becomes coned	Centers are not aligned (tailstock has offset) Top slide not aligned well (cutting with the top slide)	Adjust tailstock to the center Align top slide well
Lathe is chattering	Feed too high Slack in main bearing	Reduce feed Adjust the main bearing
Center runs hot	Workpiece has expanded	Loosen tailstock center
Tool has a short edge life	Cutting speed too high Crossfeed too high Insufficient cooling	Reduce cutting speed Lower crossfeed(finishing allowance should not exceed 0.5mm) More coolant
Flank wear too high	Clearance angle too small Tool tip not adjusted to center high	Increase clearance angle Correct height adjustment of the tool
Cutting edge breaks off	Wedge angle too small (heat build-up) Grinding crack due to wrong cooling Excessive slack in the spindle bearing Arrangement (vibrations)	Increase wedge angle Cool uniformly Adjust the slack in the spindle bearing arrangement
Cut thread is wrong	Tool is clamped incorrectly or has been started grinding the wrong way Wrong pitch Wrong diameter	Adjust too to the center Grind angle correctly Adjust the right pitch Turn the workpiece to the correct diameter
Spindle does not activate	Emergency stop switch activated	Unlock emergency stop switch

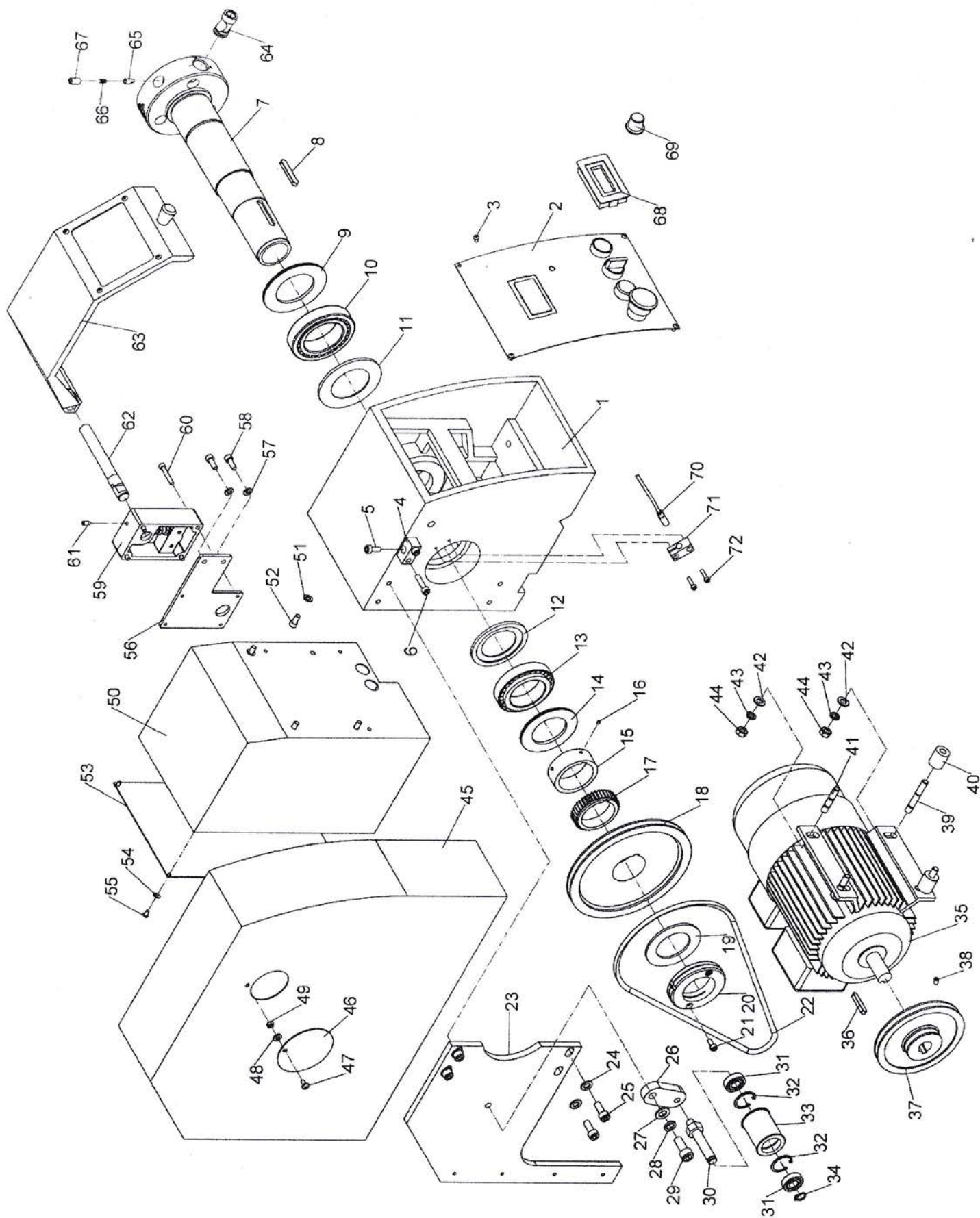
BENCH LATHE

PARTS LIST for WM290V D1-4



**Keep read and Understand the Operation Manual and Safety Information
Before Operated!**

Headstock and Driving Assembly



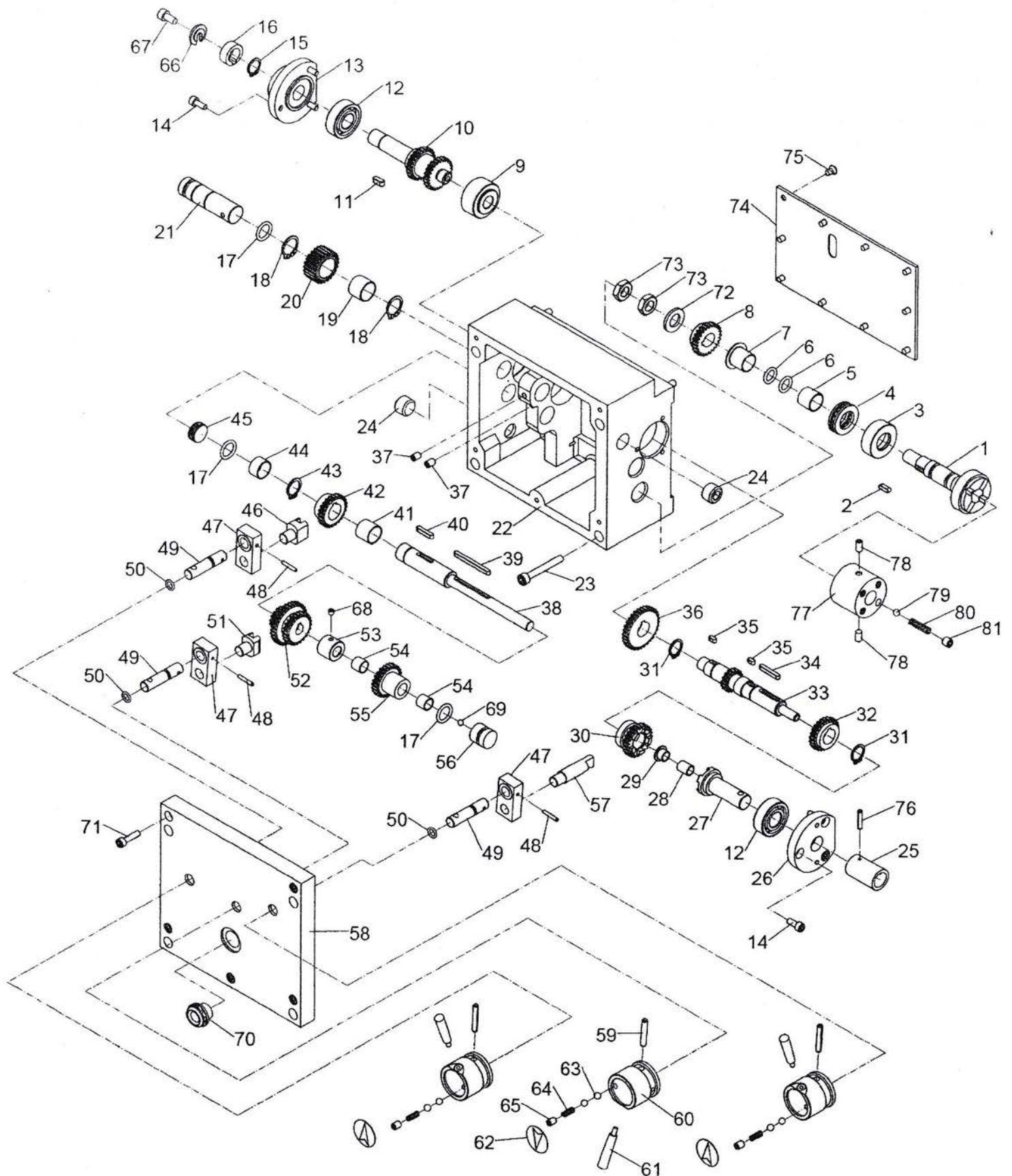
Headstock and Driving Assembly(I)

Parts No.	Description	Specification	Qty
1	Headstock		1
2	Headstock panel		1
3	Screw	M4x8	4
4	Fixed block		1
5	Screw	M6x16	1
6	Screw	M6x25	1
7	Spindle		1
8	Thin flat key	8x45	1
9	Gasket		1
10	Bearing	32011/P5	1
11	Gasket		1
12	Gasket		1
13	Bearing	32010/P5	1
14	Gasket		1
15	Bead sleeve		1
16	Bead		4
17	Gear		1
18	Spindle pulley		1
19	Gasket		1
20	Spindle lock nut		2
21	Screw	M5x10	2
22	Belt	GATES-07M-925	1
23	Bracket plate		1
24	Washer	Φ8	4
25	Screw	M8x20	4
26	Tension wheel arm		1
27	Washer		1
28	Washer		1
29	Screw	M10x25	1
30	Tension wheel shaft		1
31	Bearing	51101	2
32	Hole collar	Φ28	2
33	Tension wheel		1
34	Shaft collar		1
35	Motor		1
36	Flat key		1
37	Motor pulley		1
38	Screw	M6x10	2
39	Double head screw	M10x55	2
40	Spacer bush		2

Headstock and Driving Assembly (II)

Parts No.	Description	Specification	Qty
41	Double head screw	M10x35	2
42	Spring washer	Φ8	4
43	Washer	Φ8	4
44	Nut	M8	4
45	Protection cover		1
46	Round cover		1
47	Screw	M5x10	1
48	Flat washer	Φ5	1
49	Nut	M5	1
50	Electrical box		1
51	Washer	Φ6	4
52	Screw	M6x12	4
53	Electrical box cover		1
54	Flat washer	Φ4	4
55	Screw	M4x8	4
56	Bearing plate		1
57	Washer	Φ6	6
58	Screw	M6x16	6
59	Chuck cover bearing		1
60	Screw	M5x25	4
61	Screw	M6x5	1
62	Shaft		1
63	Chuck cover		1
64	Lock cam		1
65	Pin		1
66	Spring		1
67	Screw	M8x16	1
68	Speed display		1
69	Governor potentiometer		1
70	Velocity probe		1
71	Probe holder		1
72	Screw	M4x16	2
73			
74			
75			
76			
77			
78			
79			
80			

Gearbox Assembly



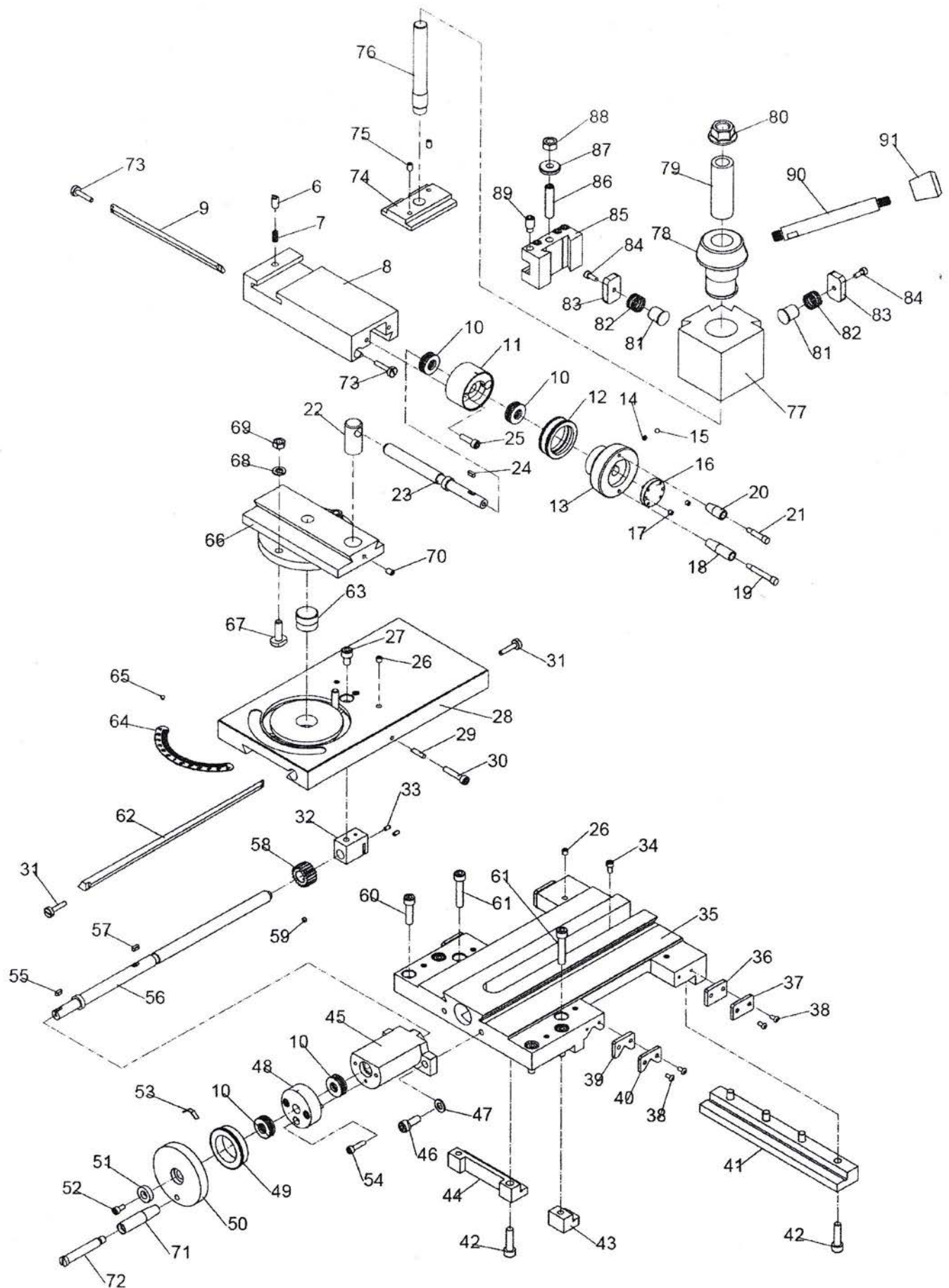
Gearbox Assembly (I)

Parts No.	Description	Specification	Qty
1	Output shaft		1
2	Key	4x12	1
3	Bearing sheath		1
4	Bearing	51103	1
5	Bearing	SF-1-1615	1
6	O-Ring	16x2.4	2
7	Bearing	SF-1F16170	1
8	Gear	T24	1
9	Collar		1
10	Gear Shaft	T24	1
11	Key	5x12	1
12	Bearing	6202	2
13	Left Plug		1
14	Hex Socket Cap Screw	M5x12	6
15	Snap Ring	Φ 14	1
16	Collar		1
17	O-Ring	18x2.4	3
18	Snap Ring	Φ 18	2
19	Bearing	SF-1-1815	1
20	Gear	T24	1
21	Shaft		1
22	Gearbox		1
23	Hex Socket Cap Screw	M6x50	4
24	Set Screw	M16x1.5x12	2
25	Collar		1
26	Right Plug		1
27	Shaft		1
28	Bearing	SF-1-0812	1
29	Bearing	SF-1F08075	1
30	Gear		1
31	Snap Ring	Φ 15	2
32	Gear	T24	1
33	Shaft		1
34	Key	4x25	1
35	Key	4x8	2
36	Gear	T32	1
37	Set Screw	M6x10	2
38	Shaft	Φ 6x18	1
39	Key	4x45	1
40	Key	4x20	1

Gearbox Assembly (II)

Parts No.	Description	Specification	Qty
41	Bearing	SF-1-1615	1
42	Gear	T24	1
43	Snap Ring	Φ 16	1
44	Bearing	1610	1
45	Left Plug		1
46	Fork		1
47	Bracket		3
48	Pin	Φ 3X20	3
49	Shaft		3
50	O-Ring	6.7x1.8	3
51	Fork		1
52	Gear	T16 / T32 / T24	1
53	Collar		1
54	Bearing	SF-1-1210	2
55	Gear	T24	1
56	Right Plug		1
57	Dials Block		1
58	Gearbox Cover		1
59	Pin	Φ 5x40	3
60	Knob Base		3
61	Knob		3
62	Label		3
63	Ball	Φ 5	6
64	Spring	0.8x4x16	3
65	Screw	M6x12	3
66	Washer	Φ 6	1
67	Hex Socket Cap Screw	M6x12	1
68	Set Screw	M5x5	1
69	Ball	Φ 6.5	5
70	Oil Sight Glass	M18x1.5	1
71	Hex Socket Cap Screw	M5x16	4
72	washer	Φ 12	1
73	hexagon thin nut	M12	2
74	Cover		1
75	Screw	M5x8	10
76	Pin	Φ 5x20	1
77	Overload shaft sleeve		1
78	Set Screw	M6x12	2
79	Ball	Φ 6	4
80	Spring	1.2x5x23	4
81	Screw	M8x8	4

Top slide Cross slide , Carriage Assembly



Top slide Cross slide , Carriage Assembly (I)

Parts No.	Description	Specification	Qty
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6	Stop		1
7	Spring		1
8	Top slide		1
9	Gib		1
10	Beadring	51101	4
11	Bracket		1
12	Graduated dial		1
13	Handwheel		1
14	Spring		1
15	Steel ball	6	1
16	Set screw		1
17	Screw	M6x8	2
18	Handle sleeve		1
19	Shoulder screw		1
20	Handle sleeve		1
21	Shoulder screw		1
22	Leadscrew nut		1
23	Leadscrew		1
24	Key	4x10	1
25	Hex Socket Cap Screw	M6x25	2
26	Oil ball	6	6
27	Hex Socket Cap Screw	M8x12	1
28	Cross slide		1
29	Pin		4
30	Hex Socket Cap Screw	M6x20	4
31	Screw		2
32	Leadscrew nut		1
33	Set screw	M4x8	2
34	Hex Socket Cap Screw	M5x6	1
35	Saddle		1
36	Oil scraper		2
37	Wool felt		2
38	Screw	M4x10	8
39	Oil scraper		2
40	Wool felt		2

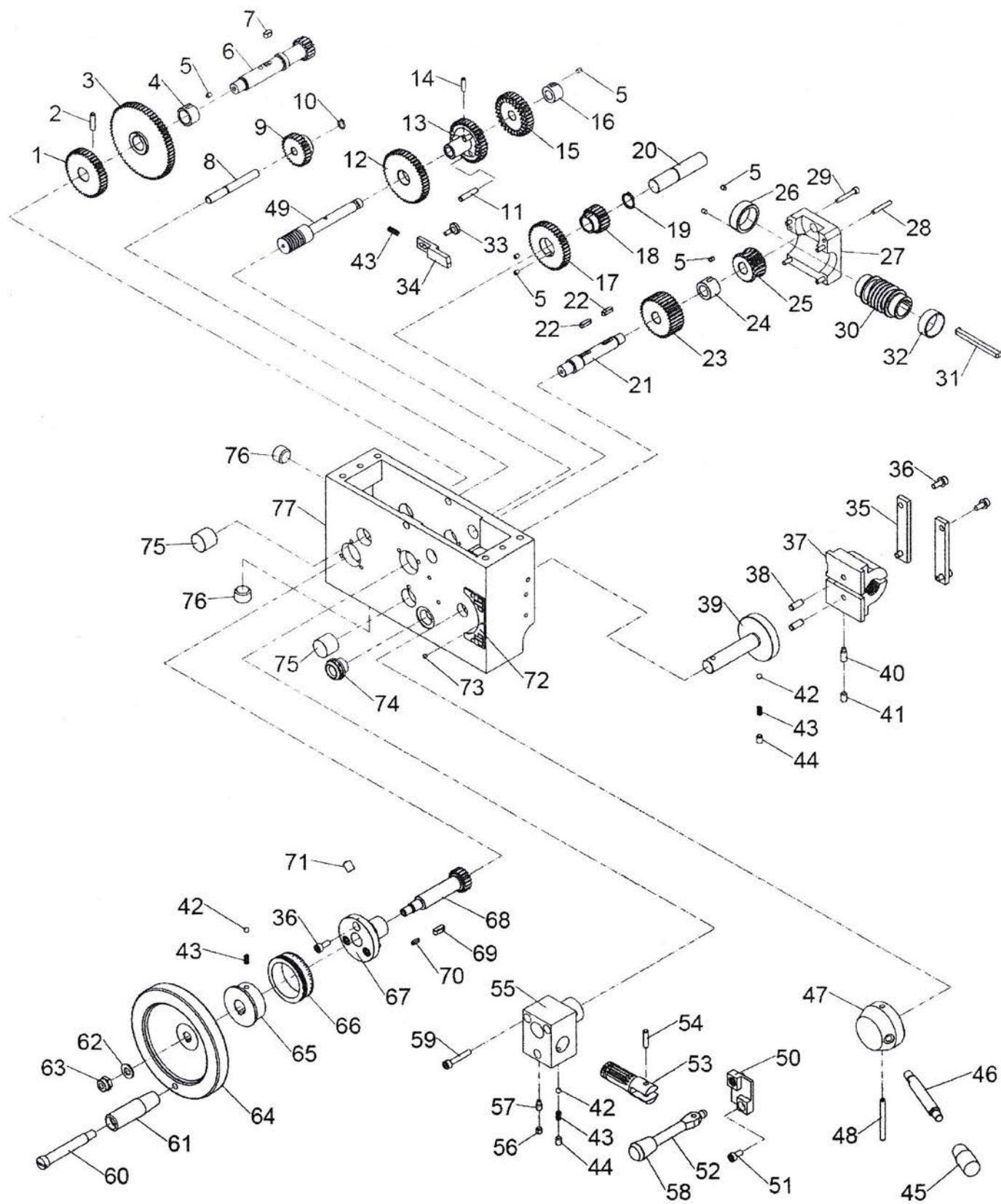
Top slide Cross slide , Carriage Assembly (II)

Parts No.	Description	Specification	Qty
41	Back clamp plate		1
42	Hex Socket Cap Screw	M8x30	6
43	Front right clamp plate		1
44	Front left clamp plate		1
45	Bracket		1
46	Hex Socket Cap Screw	M8x20	3
47	Washer	8	3
48	Collar		1
49	Graduated dial		1
50	Handlewheel		1
51	Washer		1
52	Hex Socket Cap Screw	M5x10	1
53	Spring		1
54	Hex Socket Cap Screw	M5x20	3
55	Key	4x10	1
56	Leadscrew		1
57	Key	4x10	1
58	Gear		1
59	Set screw	M5x6	1
60	Hex Socket Cap Screw	M8x30	4
61	Hex Socket Cap Screw	M8x40	2
62	Gib		1
63	Rotary shaft		1
64	Graduated scale		1
65	Rivet	2.5x4	3
66	Rotary sliding seat		1
67	T-blot		2
68	Washer	Φ8	2
69	Nut	M8	2
70	Screw	M6x10	1
71	Handle sleeve		1
72	Handle lever		1
73	Screw		2
74	Plate		1
75	Screw	M6x8	2
76	Shaft		1
77	Knife seat		1
78	Knife nut		1
79	Bush		1
80	Nut		1

Top slide Cross slide , Carriage Assembly (III)

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Apron Assembly



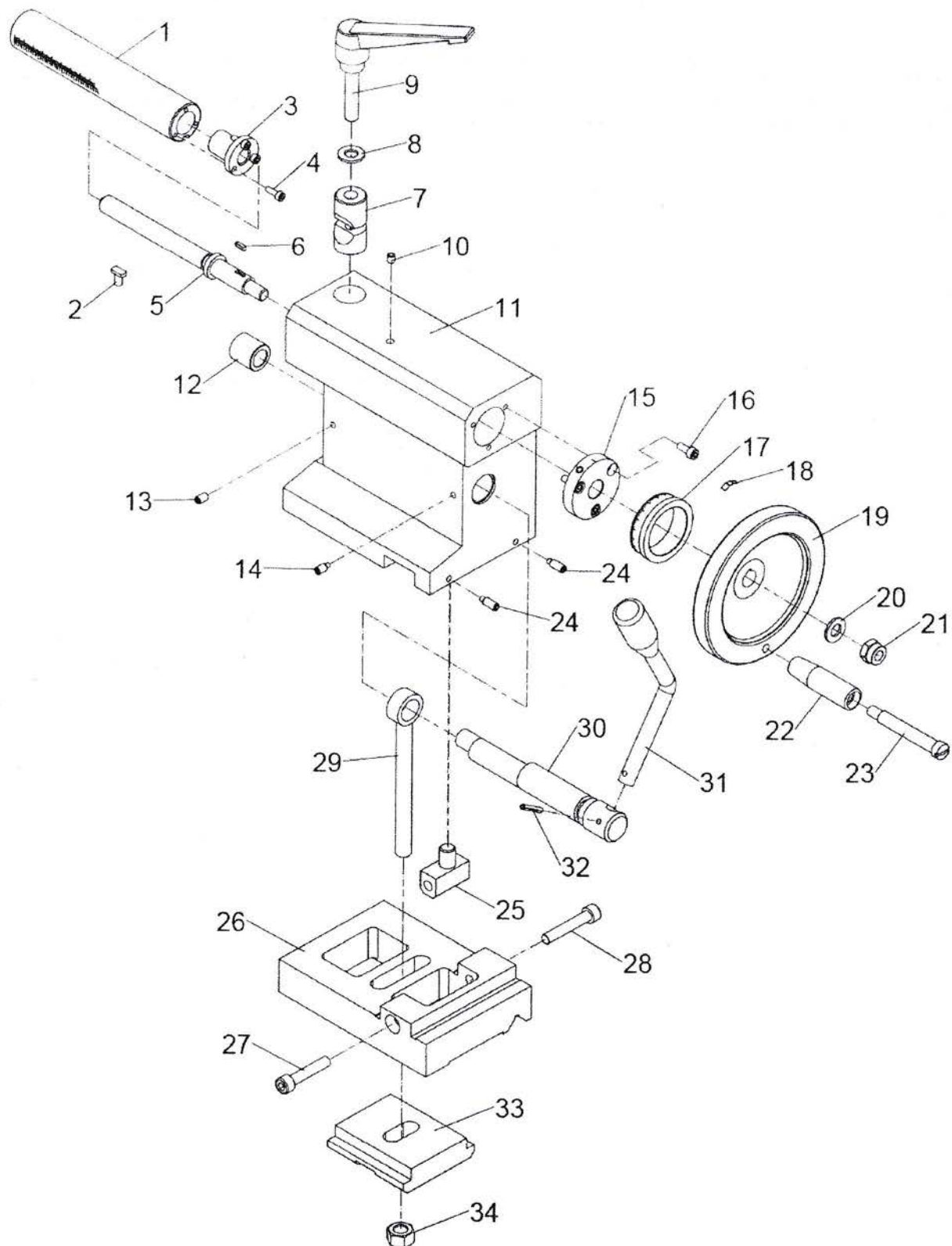
Apron Assembly (I)

Parts No.	Description	Specification	Qty
1	Gear		1
2	Pin	Φ 5x24	1
3	Gear		1
4	Washer		1
5	Set Screw	M4x8	7
6	Gear Shaft		1
7	Key		1
8	Shaft		1
9	Snap Ring	Φ 8	1
10	Gear		1
11	Shaft		3
12	Gear		1
13	Gear		1
14	Pin	Φ 4x16	1
15	Gear		1
16	Washer		1
17	Gear		1
18	Gear		1
19	Snap Ring	Φ 15	1
20	Shaft		1
21	Worm		1
22	Key	5x14	2
23	Gear		1
24	Washer		1
25	Worm		1
26	Bearing	2501	1
27	Worm Base		1
28	Pin	Φ 4x20	2
29	Hex Socket Cap Screw	M4x30	4
30	Worm		1
31	Key		1
32	Washer		1
33	Set Screw		1
34	Plate		1
35	Plate		2
36	Hex Socket Cap Screw	M5x12	7
37	Half Nut		1
38	Pin	Φ 6x18	2
39	Cam Shaft		1
40	Hex Socket Cap Screw	M6x20	1

Apron Assembly (II)

Parts No.	Description	Specification	Qty
41	Hex Socket Cap Screw	M6x8	1
42	Ball	Φ 5	3
43	Spring	0.7x4x10	3
44	Set Screw	M6x6	2
45	Knob		2
46	Handle		1
47	Handle Base		1
48	Pin	Φ 5x45	1
49	Shaft		1
50	Base		1
51	Hex Socket Cap Screw	M5x10	6
52	Shaft Handle		1
53	Shaft Forx		1
54	Pin	Φ 5x20	1
55	Base		1
56	Set Screw		1
57	Nut	M6	1
58	Knob		1
59	Hex Socket Cap Screw	M5x35	3
60	Shaft Handle		2
61	Knob		1
62	washer	Φ 8	1
63	Nut	M8	1
64	Handwheel		1
65	Shaft		1
66	Graduated Collar		1
67	Bracket		1
68	Shaft		1
69	Key	5x14	1
70	Key	3x10	1
71	Oil Ball	Φ 6	1
72	Plate		1
73	Rivet	Φ 2.5x3	3
74	Oil Sight Glass	M18x1.5	1
75	Collar		2
76	Oil Drain Plug	ZG3/8"	2
77	Apron		1
78			
79			
80			

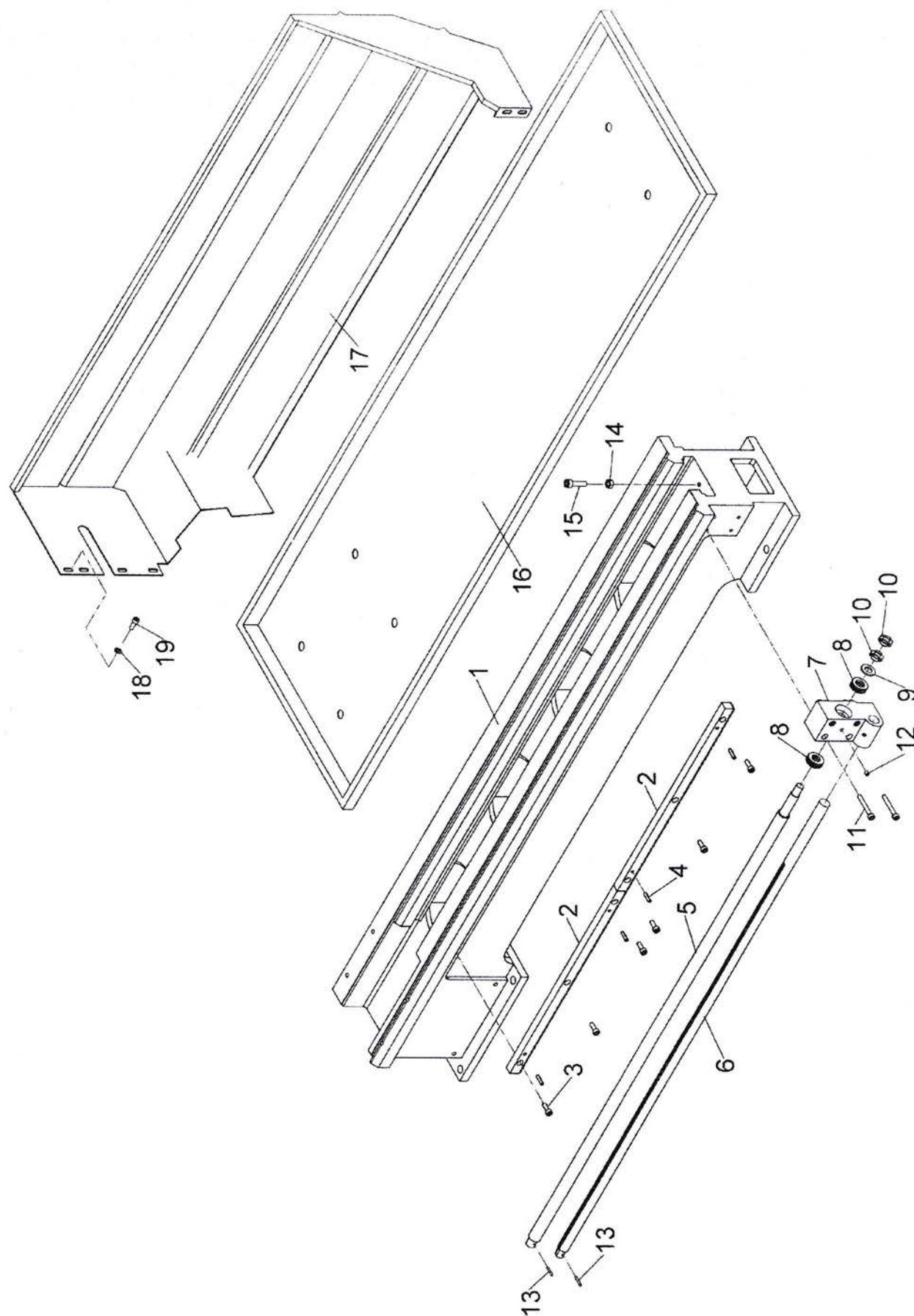
Tailstock Assembly



Tailstock Assembly

Parts No.	Description	Specification	Qty
1	Tailstock quill		1
2	Key		1
3	Nut		1
4	Hex Socket Cap Screw	M4x10	3
5	Lead Screw		1
6	Key	3x10	1
7	Pivot Block		1
8	Washer	$\Phi 10$	1
9	Lever	M10-95x50	1
10	Oil Ball	$\Phi 6$	2
11	Tailstock body		1
12	Collar		1
13	Set Screw	M6x10	1
14	Limit Screw	M6x10	1
15	Flange Cover		1
16	Hex Socket Cap Screw	M5x12	3
17	Graduated Dial		1
18	Spring		1
19	Handwheel		1
20	Washer	$\Phi 8$	1
21	Nut	M8	1
22	Knob		1
23	Screw		1
24	Set Screw	M6x16	2
25	Adjust the block		1
26	Base		1
27	Hex Socket Cap Screw	M8x40	2
28	Hex Socket Cap Screw	M8x45	1
29	Lock screw	M12	1
30	Lock shaft		1
31	Handle		1
32	Pin	$\Phi 4 \times 24$	1
33	Clamping Plate		1
34	Nut	M12	1
35			
36			
37			
38			
39			
40			

Bed Assembly



Bed Assembly

Parts No.	Description	Specification	Qty
1	Bed		1
2	Rack		2
3	Hex Socket Cap Screw	M6x16	6
4	Pin	Φ 5x20	4
5	Feed Shaft		1
6	Shaft		1
7	Bracket		1
8	Bearing	51102	2
9	Washer	Φ 12	1
10	Nut	M12x1.25	2
11	Hex Socket Cap Screw	M6x45	4
12	Oil Ball	Φ 6	2
13	Pin	Φ 3x20	2
14	Nut	M8	1
15	Hex Socket Cap Screw	M8x40	1
16	Chip Pan		1
17	Chip Shield		1
18	Washer	Φ 6	4
19	Hex Socket Cap Screw	M6x16	4
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